TEACHERS' TOOLKIT





Documentation, Evaluation and Assessing Impact



To help you and your school more effectively use and promote the arts and cultural education

This toolkit has been created by A New Direction to help you and your school more effectively use and promote the arts and cultural education as a critical component of a balanced, exciting curriculum. The toolkit is comprised of seven sections:

- Making the Case for the Arts in Your School
- Leadership and Governance
- Self-Assessment and Quality
- Partnerships
- Continuing Professional Development (CPD)
- Documentation, Evaluation and Assessing Impact
- Creating an Arts Policy

In each, you'll find basic guidance and definitions of terms, Top Tips for success, exercises and activities, and a list of relevant resources for further research and discussion. Some sections also include Case Studies of schools that have been particularly successful at delivering exciting arts activity.

Each section can be used as a stand-alone guide, or taken as a whole. At the end of each section is a box titled 'Pulling it together', and if you complete this section in all seven toolkit sections you should be ready to take your school's arts programme to the next level.

Most of what's in the toolkit has been inspired directly by best practice in schools, so don't hesitate to tell us how we can make this a better, more effective resource for you.

You can contact us at **schools@anewdirection.org.uk.**

ABOUT A NEW DIRECTION

A New Direction helps London create, think and learn.

We work to ensure that all children and young people get the most out of London's extraordinary creative and cultural offer.

We want London to be a city where -

- cultural education is the best in the world
- young people are able to access and influence culture
- the right platforms are in place to identify and nourish young people's creative talents

This is the right of all young Londoners - regardless of wealth, geography or luck.

We work through influencing, casemaking, supporting and showing why culture and creativity matters to children, young people and the future of London.

- We work with partners to develop new ways for arts and culture to reach more children and young people
- We work with children and young people to make sure their views are heard and they have opportunities to be creative
- We work to attract new funding and investment to support arts and culture for young people in London.
- We support and train professionals working with young people to provide

the best opportunities possible

 We make the case for the value of creative learning and cultural education and use this to push forward structural change

How we work with schools

AND works to support schools to deliver high quality arts and cultural education and to connect with London's arts and cultural organisations, resources and opportunities, so that they can give their students a broad and balanced education.

We do this through

- Conferences, marketplaces and networking events
- · INSET
- CPD, including leadership development

We also support schools to successfully apply for Artsmark and deliver Arts Award.

We campaign for schools to dedicate part of their Pupil Premium to arts and cultural activity.

Find out more at

www.anewdirection.org.uk/schools or contact schools@anewdirection.org.uk

MAP OF THE TOOLKIT





Documentation, Evaluation and Assessing Impact

To start a strong arts programme, you need strong leadership and a good case. To maintain it, you need to demonstrate that the arts are producing a wide range of benefits for your school – above all, that arts activity is having a positive, meaningful effect on pupils. This is where documentation and evaluation come into the picture.

Documentation is the material recording of an event, activity or project. Examples of documentary materials include student work, photos or film, or audio recordings. **Evaluation** is a judgment, or set of judgments, about how an activity, event or project went compared to criteria set out beforehand. This may involve hard data – such as numbers of audience members – or it might involve opinions or feelings on the part of pupils, teachers and/or parents.

In our experience, documentation supports evaluation; in turn, evaluation is most useful when using a set of predetermined success criteria, a process often called 'benchmarking.' We are not seeking to determine success or failure, but rather to use these tools to learn and improve, and ultimately to demonstrate the value of the arts broadly across the school.





1. Set Your Benchmarks _ Part 1



Most schools already set benchmarks for pupil performance in the areas of skill development and subject knowledge. Here are some basic benchmarking questions, all of which are intended to illuminate how arts activity is driving skill and subject development for pupils:

- What do you hope to achieve and why?
 Not all targets/goals need to be huge. Be realistic, but be meaningful in terms of what you'd like to see happen.
- How will you know whether or not you've been successful? Think about what will be different if your activity/project does, or doesn't go to plan.
- If your activity/project starts going off-track, how do you plan to deal with it?

You might find the project going in an unusual yet interesting direction and let it develop that way. Or you might decide to pause and get things back on track.

• What are your documentation and evaluation tools?

Some suggestions are offered in this section, but you should be clear from the outset and use these tools consistently from start to finish. For instance, if you start by using surveys and end with verbal feedback, you may not get a consistent sense of what worked and what didn't.



Benchmarking Questions





Scale Game

This is useful for benchmarking before and after a project (just remember to use the same statements!)

How to use this tool

Step 1 Find a space (e.g. from wall to wall in a classroom) to represent a scale that measures opinion or feeling about a subject.

Or use the paper tool on the next page if you prefer.

- **Step 2** Pupils are asked to find a place to stand on the 'scale' according to how strongly they agree or disagree with a statement.
- **Step 3** Start with some fun statements to get students warmed up and then go more deeply, e.g., "I like football" and then "I like working in a team".
- **Step 4** Ask pupils why they are standing where they are, in other words to explain why they feel a certain way about a statement.

Scale Game

		Statement	
	Disagree	Neither agree or disagree	Strongly agree
Who?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••••••	
	Why?		• • • •
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	Disagree	Neither agree or disagree	Strongly agree
Who?	Why?		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•
	Disagree	Neither agree or disagree	Strongly agree
		••••••	·····
Who?	Why?		• • • •
	••••••		•
	Disagree	Neither agree or disagree	Strongly agree
Who?	- • Why?	-	• •
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Disagree	Neither agree or disagree	Strongly agree
Who?	Why?		
	- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

1. Set Your Benchmarks _ Part 2



Think about whole-school impact

The arts are unique in that they often are offered up for broad scrutiny for the whole school community: think assemblies, performances, displays, or art exhibitions. This is a potential advantage to cementing and building upon a strong arts provision. If you know your school's community agenda, you can use your arts programme to enhance and advance it, to the school's lasting benefit.

Think about 'soft' skills

In 2014, Forbes reported that two-thirds of business leaders felt that soft skills (e.g. communication, team working) and hard skills (e.g. professional or technical) were equally important, but that soft skills were far more lacking amongst job applicants, and often gave job candidates the edge. The arts are particularly good at developing soft skills, and so benchmarking soft skill development can put the arts at the centre of your school's agenda in terms of future student progression and employability (see Top Tip.)

Some soft skill benchmarks could be simple questions, asked before and after a project, e.g., 'I like to work with others' or 'I feel like people listen to me.' Or you could use documentation – such as before and after photos – to show how an activity or project changed a pupil's soft skill ability.

TOP TIP

The National Careers Service offers a long list of the soft skills sought by employers. Participating in the arts can be powerful in developing all of these, but particularly:

- Communication
- Flexibility
- Creativity
- Problem-solving
- Team working
- Working under pressure

Feedback Wall

This can be a powerful way of connecting pupils, teachers and parents to your arts programme and its further development.

How to use this tool

You will need:

- Sticky notes
- Marker pens
- Templates (see overleaf)

Step 1 Create a Feedback Wall for activities and projects.

Use the paper tool on the next page if you prefer. You can use it by sticking it on a wall or give people a copy to fill in.

Step 2 If this is an assembly or performance, for instance, hand out sticky notes and ask audience members to write down one thing they really liked and one thing they'd like to see more of, then come up and stick them in the right section of the wall.

Step 3 You might need to curate the final 'wall' to weed out unduly negative feedback.

Feedback Wall

Feedback wall

Add your title and/or instruction here

Things you really liked

Things you'd like to see more of

Benchmark Each Other

It could be a unique way for pupils to take charge of their own development while also developing soft skills around teamwork, community and empathy.

How to use this tool

Step 1 Ask pupils to pair up and benchmark each other. Give out the paper tool from the next page.

Step 2 Pupils write down a few questions and choose a score from 1 to 5 for each other (where 1 is poor and 5 is excellent).

They can choose questions relating to the list below:

- Communication
- Flexibility
- Creativity
- Problem-solving
- Team working
- Working under pressure

Step 3 Use this tool before and after a project for students to realise and develop their soft skills around teamwork, community and empathy.

Group activity 3 _ Template

Benchmark Each Other





2. Be Creative and Fun in Your Documentation and Evaluation



Like the Feedback Wall suggested above, the best documentation and evaluation activities are often those that don't feel like documentation and evaluation. Use drawing, movement, writing, music and other art forms to evaluate; involve your pupils, colleagues and even parents in the process.



For any activity or project, create a Documentary Team whose job is to record everything that happens. Equip them with notebooks, sketchpads, and perhaps cameras or recording devices if you have them. Give them a clear set of questions to ask, or things to look for. The teams could change with projects, and it could be a point of pride to be part of such a team.

Documentary team members

Equipment

Questions to ask

Things to look for

3. Share Your Results, Whether Good or Bad



Not every project or activity will go to plan, but sharing what's happened and what you and the students have learned is just as important as trumpeting obvious successes. Following the guidance in the Leadership and Governance section, think broadly about the audiences to which you can present your findings.

It can take a bit of bravery to say a project didn't go the way you'd hoped, but at such moments, you can remind your audiences (whether colleagues or parents) that risk-taking and learning from failure are two of the qualities most prized by employers!

After a project/activity, form pupils into small teams and task them with redesigning that project/activity. What would they do differently, and why? What might have made it more interesting for them? Ask each team to create a short presentation on their findings; you might have teams deliver these to the whole class. This is very much in line with ideas around Assessment for Learning, which might offer further guidance (see Resources).



Group activity 4 _ Template

Redesign the Project



What might have made it more interesting for you?

Things I Know

For KS3 and higher, this exercise can be a great way of learning what pupils feel they've gained from a project or activity. It can also serve as useful documentation.

How to use this tool

- **Step 1** Individually, pupils write down 10 lines that begin with "I know..." They should write them in stanza form, one line beneath another.
- **Step 2** You can create a subject prompt e.g., things you know about Van Gogh or make it broader, as in, things you know about working with others.
- **Step 3** Give pupils a fixed time period, usually no more than 10 minutes, and encourage them to write down the first thing that comes to mind
- **Step 4** Another layer can be added where pupils share their points, either in pairs or small groups. If appropriate, you could ask for volunteers to share their writing with the whole class.
- **Step 5** You can add a further layer by asking pupils to write down five lines that begin with "I would like to know..."
- **Step 6** The writings, if collected, can serve as both documentation and evaluation. They could be anonymous or named, but decide this at the start.

Group activity 5 _ **Template**

Things I Know

		Thing	s I know	
1	l know			
2	l know			
3	l know			
4	l know			
5	l know			
6	l know			
7	l know			
8	l know			
9	l know			
10	l know			

Things I Would Like to Know

	Things I would like to know
1	I would like to know
2	I would like to know
3	l would like to know
4	I would like to know
5	I would like to know

Pulling It Together



How and why is it important to document and evaluate your school's arts work?

How do you ensure quality in this area?

How well are you communicating your findings?

Resources



The Teaching and Learning Academy has produced a clear, comprehensive look at Assessment for Learning, including definitions and examples of good practice, which might inform documentation, evaluation and benchmarking activities. → bit.ly/1D1k2xV

The full look at soft skills and their importance to employers can be found at the National Careers Service website.

nationalcareersservice.direct.gov.uk/aboutus/ newsarticles/Pages/Spotlight-SoftSkills.aspx

This Times Education Supplement (TES) link leads to a simple but effective pupil self-evaluation sheet, easily adaptable to other art forms. If you're not a TES member, it's easy and free to sign up and there are loads of resources and research materials.

www.tes.co.uk/teaching-resource/Pupil-art-selfevaluation-6197250

Artsmark is a tool that can give useful structure to evaluating and assessing the impact of your arts provision.

→ www.artsmark.org.uk

Many thanks to Nimble Fish for their contribution to this toolkit. Design work by Un Jeong Ko

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Find out more and download this toolkit at www.anewdirection.org.uk/schools or contact schools@anewdirection.org.uk and follow us on Twitter @AND_schools